## Simply Cloning

A step-by-step video guide for making DNA constructs

# **Molecular Cloning Protocols**



www.cloningstrategies.com

## 1 | Planning

#### o Create experiment outline in PowerPoint. Include:

- Name of starting vector
- Insert template
- Restriction enzymes
- Primers
- o Build vector maps

o Design primers:

- Select first/last 20 nucleotides of the insert sequence
- Add a restriction site at the 5' end of the forward primer and at the 3' end of the reverse primer
- Add six random nucleotides to enable nuclease cleavage close to the end of DNA fragment
- For the forward primer: insert one or two nucleotides between the restriction site and the insert sequence to maintain the reading frame of your fusion protein
- For the reverse primer: add a stop codon if necessary
- For the reverse primer: transform to complimentary sequence

Forward Random BamHI Frame Insert sequence primer: 5' CGATGA GGATCC GT GGTAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGC 3'

 Reverse
 Insert sequence
 Stop
 SpeI
 Random

 primer:
 3' GTACCTGCTCGACATGTTC TGA ACTAGT ACATAG 5'

Reverse

complim.: 5' CTATGTACTAGTTCAGAACATGTCGAGCAGGTAC 3'

## 2 | PCR

## o PCR mix:

1 | Planning

2 | PCR

Insert

4 | Gel Purification

6 | Ligation

5 | Restriction Digest

7 | Transformation

8 | Plasmid Miniprep

9 | Verification: Restriction, Sequencing

10 | Depositing Clones in a Library

- 37.5 µl ddH₂O
- 5 µl 10X PCR buffer
- 4 µl dNTPs (10mM each)
- 1  $\mu I$  Primer (forward), 10  $\mu M$
- $~1~\mu l$  Primer (reverse), 10  $\mu M$
- 1 µl DNA template
- 0.5 µl Polymerase (1.25 units)

Note: If you are using a plasmid miniprep as your DNA template, dilute it 50 times and take 1  $\mu l$  of diluted solution

## o PCR program:

Vector

3 | Restriction Digest

4 | Gel Purification

- 1. 94 °C 2 min
- 2. 94 °C 30 sec
- 3. 55 °C 30 sec
- 4. 72 °C 1 min (or 1 min/kb)
- 5. Go back to 2. Repeat 29 times
- 6. 72 °C 5 min
- 4 °C forever (insert 0 on most thermal cyclers)

#### **3 | Vector Restriction Digest**

- o Restriction mix:
  - 39 µl ddH<sub>2</sub>O
  - 5 µl 10X enzyme buffer
  - 5  $\mu l$  DNA (approximately 1  $\mu g)$
  - 0.5  $\mu l$  restriction enzyme A (5 units)
  - 0.5 µl restriction enzyme B (5 units)
- o  $\,$  Mix up by pipetting up and down
- $\rm o$   $\,$  Incubate at 37 °C for 45 min  $\,$

#### 4 | Gel Purification

- o Prepare 1% agarose gel:
  - Add 1 g of agarose to 100 ml of TEA buffer
  - Bring to boil in a microwave, make sure the agarose completely dissolved
  - Cool at room temperature for 10 min
  - Add 2 µl ethidium bromide, pour into a tray
  - Leave for 30 min to solidify
- Add 5 µl of loading buffer (60% glycerol in TAE, trace amount of bromophenol blue) to 50 µl of your restriction digest/PCR
- o Load gel:
  - Molecular weight marker
  - 1  $\mu l$  of undigested vector (mixed with loading dye)
  - Vector restriction digest
  - Insert restriction digest
- o Run gel until bromophenol blue dye reaches the end
- o Take gel picture
- o Cut out desired DNA fragments
- $_{O}~$  Purify with a gel purification kit. Elute with 50  $\mu l$  of ddH\_2O

#### 7 | Transformation and Plating

- o Thaw chemically competent cells on ice for 15 min
- Add ligation mix to the competent cells, mix by tapping gently
- o Leave the cells on ice for 30 minutes
- Heat-shock cells at 42 °C for 60 seconds
- o Put cells back on ice for 5 minutes
- $_{\rm O}~$  Add 4 volumes of LB medium without antibiotics (for example, to 200  $\mu l$  of competent cells add 800  $\mu l$  of LB)
- Shake for 45 min at 37 °C for transformed cells to develop antibiotic resistance
- $_{\rm O}~$  Spin down at 13000 rmp for 1 min, remove 800  $\mu l$  of supernatant, resuspend pelleted cells in the remaining LB
- o Plate on LB agar plate with antibiotics
- $\rm o$   $\,$  Incubate the plate at 37 °C overnight

## 9 | Clone Verification by Restriction Digest

- o Restriction mix:
  - 16.6 µl H2O
  - 1 µl miniprep DNA
  - 2 µl 10X restriction buffer
  - 0.2 µl restriction enzyme A (2 units)
  - 0.2 µl restriction enzyme B (2 units)
- $\rm o$   $\,$  Incubate at 37 °C for 45 min  $\,$
- o Run on an agarose gel, take a picture

#### 5 | Insert Restriction Digest

- o Restriction mix:
  - 44 μl of gel purified insert from step I-2
  - 5 µl 10X Buffer
  - 0.5 µl restriction enzyme A (5 units)
  - 0.5  $\mu$ l restriction enzyme B (5 units)
- o  $\,$  Mix up by pipetting up and down
- o Incubate at 37 °C for 45 min
- o Deactivate the enzymes:
  - A. Clean on a GFX column (enzyme removal kit)
  - B. Check the enzymes you are using if they can be heat deactivated. For most enzymes, incubate 30 min at 65 °C

#### 6 | Ligation

- o Ligation mix:
  - 4 µl H2O
  - 1 µl 10X ligation buffer
  - 1  $\mu I$  of plasmid digested with restriction enzymes A and B
  - 3 µl of insert digested with restriction enzymes A and B
  - For the ligation control, use 3 µl of water instead of insert
  - 1 µl DNA ligase
- Incubate at 16 °C for 15 min 24 hours
   Note: longer incubation times increase efficiency

#### 8 | Plasmid Miniprep

- Prepare numbered cell culture tubes with 4 ml of liquid LB medium and appropriate antibiotics
- Pick colonies from the transformation plate with autoclaved toothpicks or pipette tips and inoculate the corresponding media in the numbered tubes
- $\rm o~$  Incubate the tubes in a shaker at 37 °C overnight
- On the next day, save 1 ml of culture in a separate eppendorf tube (for clone library)
- Spin down the remaining 3 ml of culture and proceed with your plasmid miniprep kit

## 10 | Depositing Clones in a Library

- O Create an Excel or Word file with library information Include:
  - Clone number and name
  - Clone description
  - Primers used
  - Date created
  - Anything else you find relevant
- o For each clone, prepare two tubes with clone name and number
- $_{\rm O}~$  Add 0.9 ml of overnight E. coli culture and 0.1 ml of DMSO to one of the tubes, store at -80  $^{\circ}{\rm C}$
- $\rm o$   $\,$  Put plasmid DNA into another tube, store at -20  $^{o}C$